

North Carolina State University

On Learning about Certification through the Analysis of Open Source and Proprietary EHR Systems

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Open Source EHR Applications

Source code is freely available and customizable

However, a service contract for installation and support is inevitable

Often more than one service provider backs an open source EHR Application

Open source software is generally designed to be interoperable due to lack of motivation for *proprietary* vendor lock in

Who is motivated to pay for CCHIT certification?





Certification

To receive ARRA incentive and to avoid penalties, health care providers must utilize <u>certified</u> EHR systems

Currently, CCHIT is at the helm of EHR certification and the basis of our evaluation

Our focus to date

Functional certification test scripts

Does the application provide the functionality necessary to enable *meaningful use*?

Security certification test scripts (new in Oct 2009, for 2011)

Does the system protect patient data?





The Bad Guys: Who Wants to Do What with Patient Data? Just a sampling ...

Doctors

Malpractice suit? Erase the evidence!

Receptionists

Wondering if her neighbor has AIDS?

Insurance companies

Looking for pre-existing conditions?

Patients

Need to renew a prescription or erase a diagnosis?

Terrorists

Cause a system-wide denial of service

Disgruntled system administrators

Delete some data on the way out the door





Our Evaluation Journey

OpenMRS – Open Source

OpenEHR – Open Source

"ProprietaryMed" - Proprietary

Looking for generalized information about certification and <u>not incriminating these products!</u>



OpenMRS



Passed less than half of CCHIT functional test scripts Design Flaws:

Admin is super power

No logging

New users given customizable roles

Users can "shop around" without a trace

... analysis abandoned (late 2009) because we felt it could not be used in the US without major revision; target customer base Africa





	OpenEMR	ProprietaryMed
License	GPL	Proprietary
Popularity	1168 downloads/mo	21,000 patient records
Size (SLOC/Files)	305,000 / 1,600	120,000 / 900
Version	3.2 (2/16/2010)	1.0 (3/31/2010)
Contributing Developers	18	12
Platform	PHP	ASP.NET
CCHIT Certified	In Process	In Process

Evaluation



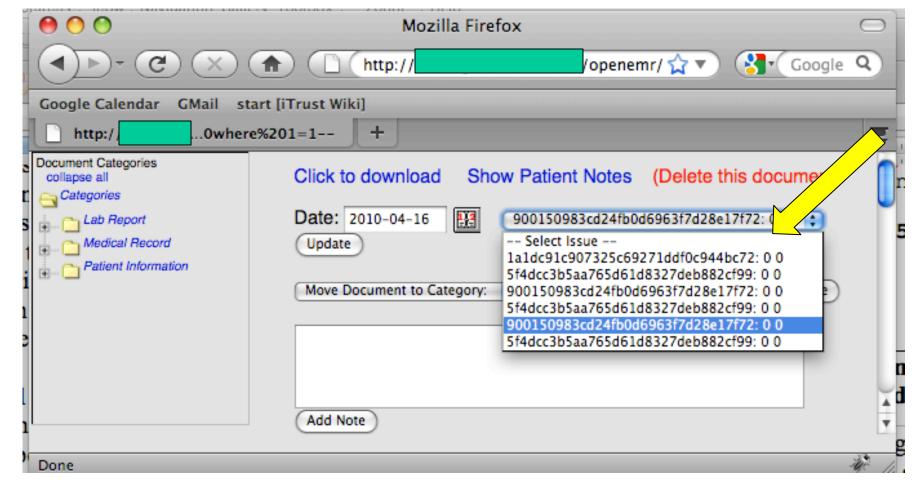
"Red team" exploited vulnerabilities... selected successful attacks to follow ...

These would be not be surfaced as issues by CCHIT security test scripts





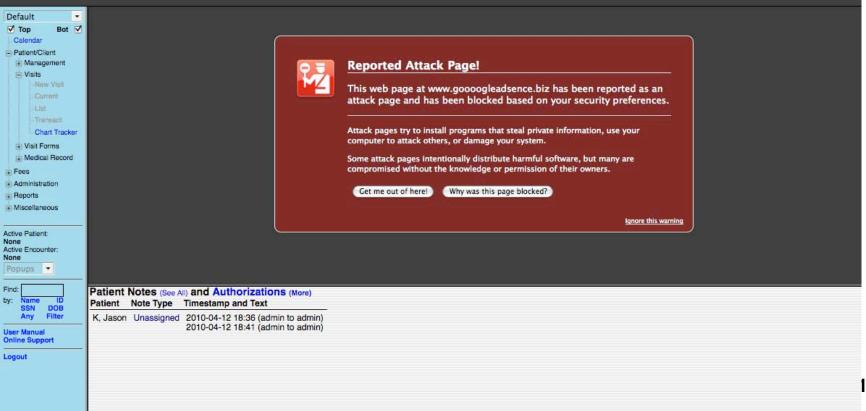
OpenEMR: Obtain every user's username and password (SQL injection)



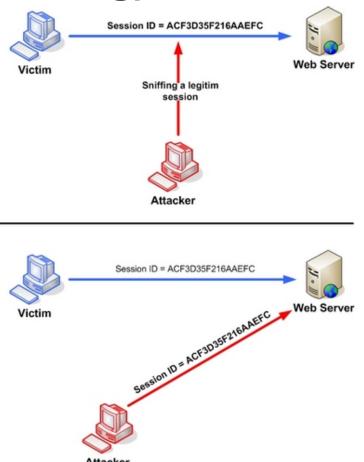




Both EHRs: Denial of Service (Cross-site Scripting)



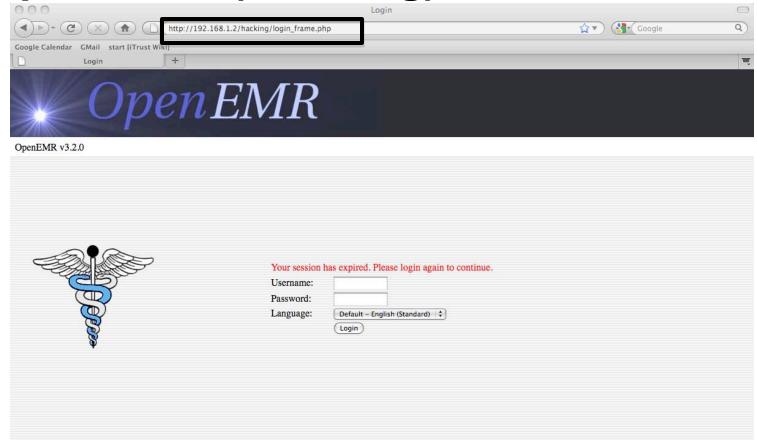
Both EHRs: Login as another user (Session Hijacking)







Both EHRs: Obtain username and password (Phishing)







Other Design Flaws

In OpenEMR, the administrator can *read or change* another user's password.

In ProprietaryMed, there is no logging of any transaction.

In ProprietaryMed, there is no authorization control on patient records.





Certifying there are no security

vulnerabilities?

Not possible

Recommendation:

Security test scripts as certification entry criteria.

Message: If you can't demonstrate basic operational security, don't waste our time checking your functionality.







Future Work

Finish the evaluation of current EHR applications

Evaluate more applications

Open source and proprietary

Systematic, repeatable security evaluation procedure

Recommendations to certification bodies based upon our empirical evaluation/data

Provide EHR system testbed on our virtual computing platform

More information: http://agile.csc.ncsu.edu/healthcare